### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

**Product name**: Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

**Manufacturer or supplier's details**
- **Company name of supplier**: Merck & Co., Inc
- **Address**: One Merck Drive, Whitehouse Station - New Jersey - USA 08889
- **Telephone**: 908-423-1000
- **Telefax**: 908-735-1496
- **Emergency telephone**: 908-423-6000
- **E-mail address**: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**
- **Recommended use**: Veterinary product

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**GHS Classification**
- **Reproductive toxicity**: Category 1A
- **Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral)**: Category 2 (Liver, Kidney, Adrenal gland)

**GHS label elements**
- **Hazard pictograms**: ![Hazard Pictogram]
- **Signal Word**: Danger
- **Hazard Statements**: H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver, Kidney, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- **Precautionary Statements**: Prevention:
  - P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
  - P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
  - P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Hazardous ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 90 - &lt;= 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene glycol</td>
<td>25322-68-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clotrimazole</td>
<td>23593-75-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gentamicin</td>
<td>1403-66-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mometasone</td>
<td>83919-23-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled    : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation**

**Version** 2.0  
**Revision Date:** 07/26/2016  
**SDS Number:** 412827-00002  
**Date of last issue:** 12/14/2015  
**Date of first issue:** 12/14/2015

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**

- May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

**Protection of first-aiders:**

- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.

**Notes to physician:**

- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Suitable extinguishing media:**

- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:**

- None known.

**Specific hazards during fire fighting:**

- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products:**

- Carbon oxides

**Specific extinguishing methods:**

- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:**

- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

**SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:**

- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable fraction)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Version 2.0  Revision Date: 07/26/2016  SDS Number: 412827-00002  Date of last issue: 12/14/2015
Date of first issue: 12/14/2015

Polyethylene glycol  25322-68-3  ST (Mist)  10 mg/m³  NIOSH REL
Clotrimazole  23593-75-1  TWA (aero-sol)  10 mg/m³  US WEEL
Gentamicin  1403-66-3  TWA  200 µg/m³  Merck
Mometasone  83919-23-7  TWA  0.1 mg/m³  Merck

Further information: Skin

| Wipe limit | 10 µg/100 cm² | Merck |

Engineering measures: Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment: Safety glasses

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures: Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>suspension</td>
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<tr>
<td>Color</td>
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<td>pH</td>
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<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
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<td>Flash point</td>
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<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
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<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
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<td>Viscosity</td>
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<td>Explosive properties</td>
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<td>Molecular weight</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: None known.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Ingredients:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Polyethylene glycol:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Clotrimazole:

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): 708 mg/kg  
  LD50 (Mouse): 761 mg/kg  
  LD50 (Rabbit): > 1,000 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: LC50 (Rat): > 0.73 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 4 h  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist

- **Acute dermal toxicity**: LD50 (Mouse): 923 mg/kg

Gentamicin:

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): 8,000 - 10,000 mg/kg  
  LD50 (Mouse): 10,000 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: (Rat): 0.2 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 4 h  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist

- **Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)**:  
  - LD50 (Rat): 67 - 96 mg/kg  
    Application Route: Intravenous  
  - LD50 (Rat): 371 - 384 mg/kg  
    Application Route: Intramuscular  
  - LDLo (Monkey): 30 mg/kg  
    Application Route: Intravenous

Mometasone:

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
  LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: LC50 (Rat): > 3.3 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 4 h  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
  Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.  
  LC50 (Mouse): > 3.2 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 4 h  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist

- **Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)**: LD50 (Rat): 300 mg/kg  
  Symptoms: Breathing difficulties

**Skin corrosion/irritation**  
Not classified based on available information.
Ingredients:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Polyethylene glycol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Clotrimazole:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Gentamicin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritant
Remarks: slight irritation

Mometasone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Polyethylene glycol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Clotrimazole:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Gentamicin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritant
Remarks: slight irritation
Mometasone:  
Species: Rabbit  
Result: No eye irritation  

Respiratory or skin sensitization  

Skin sensitization  
Not classified based on available information.  

Respiratory sensitization  
Not classified based on available information.  

Ingredients:  
White mineral oil (petroleum):  
Test Type: Buehler Test  
Routes of exposure: Skin contact  
Species: Guinea pig  
Result: negative  

Gentamicin:  
Remarks: No data available  

Mometasone:  
Test Type: Maximization Test  
Routes of exposure: Dermal  
Species: Guinea pig  
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.  
Result: negative  
Remarks: The results of a test on guinea pigs showed this substance to be a weak skin sensitizz-er.  

Germ cell mutagenicity  
Not classified based on available information.  

Ingredients:  
White mineral oil (petroleum):  
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative  
Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  

Polyethylene glycol:  
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Clotrimazole:**

**Genotoxicity in vitro**
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative

- Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
  Result: negative

**Genotoxicity in vivo**
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Mammalian spermatogonial chromosome aberration test (in vivo)
  Species: Hamster
  Result: negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment**
- Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

**Gentamicin:**

**Genotoxicity in vitro**
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: Equivocal

**Genotoxicity in vivo**
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intravenous injection
  Result: negative

**Mometasone:**

**Genotoxicity in vitro**
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Species: Chinese hamster lung cells
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Species: Chinese hamster ovary cells
  Result: positive
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Species: Rat
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Result: negative
- Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
  Species: Rat
  Cell type: Liver cells
  Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity:
- Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 24 Months
- Result: negative

Gentamicin:
- Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No data available

Mometasone:
- Species: Rat
  Application Route: Inhalation
  Exposure time: 2 Years
  Dose: 0.067 mg/kg body weight
  Result: negative
- Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Inhalation
  Exposure time: 19 Months
  Dose: 0.160 mg/kg body weight
  Result: negative

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

NTP
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

**Ingredients:**

**White mineral oil (petroleum):**

| Effects on fertility | Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Skin contact Result: negative |
| Effects on fetal development | Test Type: Embryo-fetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative |

**Polyethylene glycol:**

| Effects on fertility | Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rabbit Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Effects on fetal development | Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

**Clotrimazole:**

| Effects on fertility | Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Fertility: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight |
| Effects on fetal development | Test Type: Embryo-fetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., No teratogenic effects. Test Type: Embryo-fetal development |
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 180 mg/kg body weight

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Gentamicin:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Fertility: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3.6 mg/kg body weight
Result: No embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: Fetal mortality., No malformations were observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Result: Fetal mortality., No malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.
Mometasone:

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Fertility
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Subcutaneous
- Fertility: NOAEL: 0.015 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Subcutaneous
- Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.06 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Embryotoxic effects, Teratogenicity and developmental toxicity
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
    - Species: Rat
    - Application Route: Dermal
    - Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg body weight
    - Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity.
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
    - Species: Rabbit
    - Application Route: Dermal
    - Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.15 mg/kg body weight
    - Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity, Malformations were observed.
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
    - Species: Rat
    - Application Route: Subcutaneous
    - Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.15 mg/kg body weight
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
    - Species: Rabbit
    - Application Route: Oral
    - Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.7 mg/kg body weight
    - Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity, Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.
- Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure
- Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Mometasone:
- Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure
- May cause damage to organs (Liver, Kidney, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Ingredients:

Clotrimazole:
Target Organs: Liver, Kidney, Adrenal gland
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Gentamicin:
Target Organs: Kidney
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Mometasone:
Routes of exposure: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Ingredients:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 160 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Species: Rat
LOAEL: >= 1 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Polyethylene glycol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,100 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Clotrimazole:
Species: Rabbit
LOAEL: 5 - 40 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 3 Weeks
Target Organs: Skin
Symptoms: Edema, Fissuring, Necrosis

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 Months
Target Organs: Liver, Kidney, Adrenal gland
|-------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|

**Gentamicin:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species: Dog</th>
<th>LOAEL: 3 mg/kg</th>
<th>Application Route: Oral</th>
<th>Exposure time: 12 Months</th>
<th>Target Organs: Kidney</th>
<th>Symptoms: Vomiting, Salivation</th>
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<table>
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<th>Species: Monkey</th>
<th>LOAEL: 50 mg/kg</th>
<th>Application Route: Subcutaneous</th>
<th>Exposure time: 3 Weeks</th>
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<table>
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<th>Species: Monkey</th>
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<th>Application Route: Oral</th>
<th>Exposure time: 3 Weeks</th>
<th>Target Organs: Blood</th>
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<table>
<thead>
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<th>Species: Rat</th>
<th>NOAEL: 5 mg/kg</th>
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<th>Target Organs: Kidney, Blood</th>
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<th>Target Organs: Kidney</th>
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</table>

**Mometasone:**

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<th>Species: Rat</th>
<th>LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg</th>
<th>Application Route: Oral</th>
<th>Target Organs: lymph node, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species: Dog</th>
<th>LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg</th>
<th>Application Route: Oral</th>
<th>Exposure time: 30 d</th>
<th>Target Organs: lymph node, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

| Species: Rat | NOAEL: 0.00013 mg/l | | | | |
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time: 90 d  
Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Lungs, lymph node, spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney, Liver, thymus

Species: Dog  
NOAEL: 0.0005 mg/l  
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time: 90 d  
Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Lungs, lymph node, spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney, thymus, Liver

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:
Mometasone:
No aspiration toxicity classification

Experience with human exposure
Ingredients:
Clotrimazole:
Skin contact  :  Symptoms: Rash, Itching, Blistering, Edema, Dermatitis
Ingestion  :  Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhea

Gentamicin:
Ingestion  :  Target Organ: Kidney  
Symptoms: Dizziness, Vertigo, hearing loss

Mometasone:
Inhalation  :  Symptoms: allergic rhinitis, Headache, pharyngitis, upper respiratory tract infection, sinusitis, oral candidiasis, Back pain, musculoskeletal pain, immune system effects, indigestion
Skin contact  :  Symptoms: Dermatitis, Itching

Further information
Ingredients:
Mometasone:
Remarks: Chronic Health Hazard  
Dermal absorption possible

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity
Ingredients:
White mineral oil (petroleum):
Polyethylene glycol:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): &gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): &gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.02 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to algae</th>
<th>EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0.268 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</th>
<th>NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.025 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 32 d</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Clotrimazole:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): &gt; 0.29 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.02 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to algae</th>
<th>EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0.017 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)                     | 10                                                    |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</th>
<th>NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.025 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 32 d</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
<th>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.01 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 21 d</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)                   | 10                                                    |
Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Gentamicin:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 86 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

LC50 (Americamysis): 30 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 4.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 1.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: 288.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Mometasone:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): 0.11 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

EC50 (Americamysis): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.00014 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.34 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 100

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOEC: 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredients:

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d

Polyethylene glycol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 68 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Clotrimazole:

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 50 % (242 d)
Gentamicin:

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Mometasone:

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 50 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 50 % (12 d)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredients:

Polyethylene glycol:

Bioaccumulation: Species: Fish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3.2
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Gentamicin:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: < -2

Mometasone:

Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 107.1
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.68

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Clotrimazole, Mometasone)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Clotrimazole, Mometasone)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Clotrimazole, Mometasone)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Clotrimazole, Mometasone)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : CLASS 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : yes (Clotrimazole, Mometasone)
Remarks : Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters. Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; how-
ever it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know
CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards: Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations
Pennsylvania Right To Know
White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5
Polyethylene glycol 25322-68-3

California Prop. 65 WARNING: This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Gentamicin 1403-66-3

California List of Hazardous Substances
White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Version 2.0  Revision Date: 07/26/2016  SDS Number: 412827-00002  Date of last issue: 12/14/2015

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA: Flammability

Health

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High, 4 = Extreme, * = Chronic

HMIS III:

HEALTH 0*
FLAMMABILITY 1
PHYSICAL HAZARD 0

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
NIOSH REL / ST : STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
US WEEL / TWA : 8-hr TWA

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECX - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EnS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Ob-
served (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative


Revision Date: 07/26/2016

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8