

CLAVAMOX[®]

(amoxicillin/clavulanic acid)

Trusted for more than 30 years

LIMITED-TIME OFFER

Purchase CLAVAMOX Tablets and receive CLAVAMOX Drops free.[†]

Valid on purchases made Jan. 23–Feb. 17, 2017

[Click Here to Shop Now](#)



Thank you for ranking CLAVAMOX the
#1 ANTI-INFECTIVE for use and loyalty.¹

50 MILLION

cats and dogs have been treated with
CLAVAMOX in the last decade alone.²

60+ YEARS

of innovation and dedication by Zoetis
to making animals' lives better.

Purchase CLAVAMOX Tablets*	Receive CLAVAMOX Drops Free
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\$1,000	12 drops (value \$167)
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\$2,000	24 drops (value \$334)
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\$3,000	36 drops (value \$500)
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\$4,000	48 drops (value \$667)
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\$5,000	60 drops (value \$834)**
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*On a single order

**Upper limit of promotion

For more information, contact your local Zoetis or distributor representative,
or call Zoetis Customer Service at 1-888-ZOETIS1 (963-8471).

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION: People with known hypersensitivity to penicillin or cephalosporins should avoid exposure to CLAVAMOX. Do not use in animals with a history of allergic reactions to penicillins or cephalosporins. See full Prescribing Information on CLAVAMOX Tablets and CLAVAMOX Drops, attached.

[†]Eligible accounts purchasing qualifying levels of CLAVAMOX Tablets on a single order are eligible for free goods noted above. Orders must be placed and invoiced January 23, 2017, through February 17, 2017. Free goods will be supplied to the customer at the time of the order. Only CLAVAMOX Tablets count toward reaching threshold levels; CLAVAMOX Drops do not count toward reaching threshold levels. If product goes on back-order, please allow 4 to 6 weeks for delivery.

¹Zoetis Multibrand A&U Final Report, June 2014. Ipsos Agricultural and Animal Health.

²Zoetis Data on File, 2005–2015. 50 million estimated from units sold and dispensed at label dose.

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CLAVAMOX®

(amoxicillin trihydrate/
clavulanate potassium)
Drops

For veterinary oral suspension

For use in dogs and cats

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

DESCRIPTION: Clavamox (amoxicillin trihydrate/clavulanate potassium) is an orally administered formulation comprised of the broad-spectrum antibiotic Amoxi® (amoxicillin trihydrate) and the β -lactamase inhibitor, clavulanate potassium (the potassium salt of clavulanic acid).

Amoxicillin trihydrate is a semisynthetic antibiotic with a broad spectrum of bactericidal activity against many gram-positive and gram-negative, aerobic and anaerobic microorganisms. It does not resist destruction by β -lactamases; therefore, it is not effective against β -lactamase-producing bacteria. Chemically, it is D(-)- α -amino-p-hydroxybenzyl penicillin trihydrate.

Clavulanic acid, an inhibitor of β -lactamase enzymes, is produced by the fermentation of *Streptomyces clavuligerus*. Clavulanic acid by itself has only weak antibacterial activity. Chemically, clavulanate potassium is potassium z-(3R,5R)-2- β -hydroxyethylidene clavam-3-carboxylate.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY: Clavamox is stable in the presence of gastric acid and is not significantly influenced by gastric or intestinal contents. The 2 components are rapidly absorbed resulting in amoxicillin and clavulanic acid concentrations in serum, urine, and tissues similar to those produced when each is administered alone.

Amoxicillin and clavulanic acid diffuse readily into most body tissues and fluids with the exception of brain and spinal fluid, which amoxicillin penetrates adequately when meninges are inflamed. Most of the amoxicillin is excreted unchanged in the urine. Clavulanic acid's penetration into spinal fluid is unknown at this time. Approximately 15% of the administered dose of clavulanic acid is excreted in the urine within the first 6 hours.

Clavamox combines the distinctive properties of a broad-spectrum antibiotic and a β -lactamase inhibitor to effectively extend the antibacterial spectrum of amoxicillin to include β -lactamase-producing as well as non- β -lactamase-producing aerobic and anaerobic organisms.

Microbiology: Amoxicillin is bactericidal in action and acts through the inhibition of biosynthesis of cell wall mucopeptide of susceptible organisms. The action of clavulanic acid extends the antimicrobial spectrum of amoxicillin to include organisms resistant to amoxicillin and other β -lactam antibiotics.

Amoxicillin/clavulanate has been shown to have a wide range of activity which includes β -lactamase-producing strains of both gram-positive and gram-negative aerobes, facultative anaerobes, and obligate anaerobes. Many strains of the following organisms, including β -lactamase-producing strains, isolated from veterinary sources, were found to be susceptible to amoxicillin/clavulanate *in vitro* but the clinical significance of this activity has not been demonstrated for some of these organisms in animals. Aerobic bacteria, including *Staphylococcus aureus**, β -lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus** (penicillin resistant), *Staphylococcus species**, *Staphylococcus epidermidis*, *Staphylococcus intermedius*, *Streptococcus faecalis*, *Streptococcus species**, *Corynebacterium pyogenes*, *Corynebacterium species*, *Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae*, *Bordetella bronchiseptica*, *Escherichia coli**, *Proteus mirabilis*, *Proteus species*, *Enterobacter species*, *Klebsiella pneumoniae*, *Salmonella dublin*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Pasteurella multocida**, *Pasteurella haemolytica*, *Pasteurella species**.

* The susceptibility of these organisms has also been demonstrated in *in vivo* studies.

Studies have demonstrated that both aerobic and anaerobic flora are isolated from gingival cultures of dogs with clinical evidence of periodontal disease. Both gram-positive and gram-negative aerobic and anaerobic subgingival isolates indicate sensitivity to amoxicillin/clavulanic acid during antimicrobial susceptibility testing.

Susceptibility test: The recommended quantitative disc susceptibility method (FEDERAL REGISTER 37:20527-29; Bauer AW, Kirby WMM, Sherris JC, *et al*: Antibiotic susceptibility testing by standardized single disc method. *Am J Clin Path* 45:493, 1966) utilized 30 mcg Augmentin® (AMC) discs for estimating the susceptibility of bacteria to Clavamox Tablets and Drops.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE: Clavamox Drops are indicated in the treatment of:

Dogs: Skin and soft tissue infections such as wounds, abscesses, cellulitis, superficial/juvenile and deep pyoderma due to susceptible strains of the following organisms: β -lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus*, non- β -lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Staphylococcus spp.*, *Streptococcus spp.*, and *E. coli*.

Periodontal infections due to susceptible strains of both aerobic and anaerobic bacteria. Clavamox has been shown to be clinically effective for treating cases of canine periodontal disease.

Cats: Skin and soft tissue infections such as wounds, abscesses, and cellulitis/dermatitis due to susceptible strains of the following organisms: β -lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus*, non- β -lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Staphylococcus spp.*, *Streptococcus spp.*, *E. coli*, *Pasteurella multocida*, and *Pasteurella spp.*

Urinary tract infections (cystitis) due to susceptible strains of *E. coli*.

Therapy may be initiated with Clavamox prior to obtaining results from bacteriological and susceptibility studies.

A culture should be obtained prior to treatment to determine susceptibility of the organisms to Clavamox. Following determination of susceptibility results and clinical response to medication, therapy may be reevaluated.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: The use of this drug is contraindicated in animals with a history of an allergic reaction to any of the penicillins or cephalosporins.

WARNINGS: Safety of use in pregnant or breeding animals has not been determined. For use in dogs and cats only.

ADVERSE REACTIONS: Clavamox contains a semisynthetic penicillin (amoxicillin) and has the potential for producing allergic reactions.

If an allergic reaction occurs, administer epinephrine and/or steroids.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:

Dogs: The recommended dosage is 6.25 mg/lb (1 mL/10 lb) of body weight twice a day. Skin and soft tissue infections such as abscesses, cellulitis, wounds, superficial/juvenile pyoderma, and periodontal infections should be treated for 5-7 days or for 48 hours after all symptoms have subsided. If no response is seen after 5 days of treatment, therapy should be discontinued and the case reevaluated. Deep pyoderma may require treatment for 21 days; the maximum duration of treatment should not exceed 30 days.

Cats: The recommended dosage is 62.5 mg (1 mL) twice a day. Skin and soft tissue infections such as abscesses and cellulitis/dermatitis should be treated for 5-7 days or 48 hours after all symptoms have subsided, not to exceed 30 days. If no response is seen after 3 days of treatment, therapy should be discontinued and the case reevaluated.

Urinary tract infections may require treatment for 10-14 days or longer. The maximum duration of treatment should not exceed 30 days.

Reconstitution instructions - Oral Suspension: Add 14 mL of water to the 15-mL bottle and shake vigorously. Each mL of suspension will contain 50 mg of amoxicillin activity as the trihydrate and 12.5 mg of clavulanic acid activity as the potassium salt.

Note: Any unused portion of the reconstituted suspension must be discarded after 10 days. Refrigeration of the reconstituted suspension is required.

HOW SUPPLIED: Clavamox Drops are supplied in 15-mL bottles containing 50 mg of amoxicillin/12.5 mg of clavulanic acid per mL.

NADA #55-101, Approved by FDA

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Augmentin is a trademark owned by GlaxoSmithKline.

zoetis

Manufactured by:
Norbrook Laboratories Ltd.
Newry, N. Ireland, UK
Distributed by:
Zoetis Inc.
Kalamazoo, MI 49007

CLAVAMOX®

(amoxicillin trihydrate/
clavulanate potassium)

Veterinary Tablets

For use in dogs and cats

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

DESCRIPTION: Clavamox (amoxicillin trihydrate/clavulanate potassium) is an orally administered formulation comprised of the broad-spectrum antibiotic Amoxi® (amoxicillin trihydrate) and the β -lactamase inhibitor, clavulanate potassium (the potassium salt of clavulanic acid).

Amoxicillin trihydrate is a semisynthetic antibiotic with a broad spectrum of bactericidal activity against many gram-positive and gram-negative, aerobic and anaerobic microorganisms. It does not resist destruction by β -lactamases; therefore, it is not effective against β -lactamase-producing bacteria. Chemically, it is D(-)- α -amino-p-hydroxybenzyl penicillin trihydrate.

Clavulanic acid, an inhibitor of β -lactamase enzymes, is produced by the fermentation of *Streptomyces clavuligerus*. Clavulanic acid by itself has only weak antibacterial activity. Chemically, clavulanate potassium is potassium z-(3R,5R)-2- β -hydroxyethylidene clavam-3-carboxylate.

ACTIONS: Clavamox is stable in the presence of gastric acid and is not significantly influenced by gastric or intestinal contents. The 2 components are rapidly absorbed resulting in amoxicillin and clavulanic acid concentrations in serum, urine, and tissues similar to those produced when each is administered alone.

Amoxicillin and clavulanic acid diffuse readily into most body tissues and fluids with the exception of brain and spinal fluid, which amoxicillin penetrates adequately when meninges are inflamed. Most of the amoxicillin is excreted unchanged in the urine. Clavulanic acid's penetration into spinal fluid is unknown at this time. Approximately 15% of the administered dose of clavulanic acid is excreted in the urine within the first 6 hours.

Clavamox combines the distinctive properties of a broad-spectrum antibiotic and a β -lactamase inhibitor to effectively extend the antibacterial spectrum of amoxicillin to include β -lactamase producing as well as non- β -lactamase-producing aerobic and anaerobic organisms.

MICROBIOLOGY: Amoxicillin is bactericidal in action and acts through the inhibition of biosynthesis of cell wall mucopeptide of susceptible organisms. The action of clavulanic acid extends the antimicrobial spectrum of amoxicillin to include organisms resistant to amoxicillin and other β -lactam antibiotics. Amoxicillin/clavulanate has been shown to have a wide range of activity which includes β -lactamase-producing strains of both gram positive and gram-negative aerobes, facultative anaerobes, and obligate anaerobes. Many strains of the following organisms, including β -lactamase-producing strains, isolated from veterinary sources, were found to be susceptible to amoxicillin/clavulanate *in vitro* but the clinical significance of this activity has not been demonstrated for some of these organisms in animals.

Aerobic bacteria, including *Staphylococcus aureus**, β -lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus** (penicillin resistant), *Staphylococcus species**, *Staphylococcus epidermidis*, *Staphylococcus intermedius*, *Streptococcus faecalis*, *Streptococcus species**, *Corynebacterium pyogenes*, *Corynebacterium species*, *Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae*, *Bordetella bronchiseptica*, *Escherichia coli**, *Proteus mirabilis*, *Proteus species*, *Enterobacter species*, *Klebsiella pneumoniae*, *Salmonella dublin*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Pasteurella haemolytica*, *Pasteurella species**.

* The susceptibility of these organisms has also been demonstrated in *in vivo* studies.

Studies have demonstrated that both aerobic and anaerobic flora are isolated from gingival cultures of dogs with clinical evidence of periodontal disease. Both gram-positive and gram-negative aerobic and anaerobic subgingival isolates indicate sensitivity to amoxicillin/clavulanic acid during antimicrobial susceptibility testing.

SUSCEPTIBILITY TEST: The recommended quantitative disc susceptibility method (FEDERAL REGISTER 37:20527–29; Bauer AW, Kirby WMM, Sherris JC, *et al*: Antibiotic susceptibility testing by standardized single disc method. *Am J Clin Path* 45:493, 1966) utilized 30 mcg Augmentin® (AMC) discs for estimating the susceptibility of bacteria to Clavamox Tablets.

INDICATIONS: Clavamox Tablets are indicated in the treatment of:

Dogs: Skin and soft tissue infections such as wounds, abscesses, cellulitis, superficial/juvenile and deep pyoderma due to susceptible strains of the following organisms: β -lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus*, non- β -lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Staphylococcus spp.*, *Streptococcus spp.*, and *E. coli*.

Periodontal infections due to susceptible strains of both aerobic and anaerobic bacteria. Clavamox has been shown to be clinically effective for treating cases of canine periodontal disease.

Cats: Skin and soft tissue infections such as wounds, abscesses, and cellulitis/dermatitis due to susceptible strains of the following organisms: β -lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus*, non- β -lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Staphylococcus spp.*, *Streptococcus spp.*, *E. coli*, and *Pasteurella spp.* Urinary tract infections (cystitis) due to susceptible strains of *E. coli*.

Therapy may be initiated with Clavamox prior to obtaining results from bacteriological and susceptibility studies. A culture should be obtained prior to treatment to determine susceptibility of the organisms to Clavamox. Following determination of susceptibility results and clinical response to medication, therapy may be reevaluated.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: The use of this drug is contraindicated in animals with a history of an allergic reaction to any of the penicillins or cephalosporins.

WARNINGS: Safety of use in pregnant or breeding animals has not been determined. Store in a dry, cool place at temperatures not above 25°C (77°F). Do not remove from foil strip until ready to use.

ADVERSE REACTIONS: Clavamox contains a semisynthetic penicillin (amoxicillin) and has the potential for producing allergic reactions. If an allergic reaction occurs, administer epinephrine and/or steroids.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:

Dogs: The recommended dosage is 6.25 mg/lb of body weight twice a day. Skin and soft tissue infections such as abscesses, cellulitis, wounds, superficial/juvenile pyoderma, and periodontal infections should be treated for 5–7 days or for 48 hours after all symptoms have subsided. If no response is seen after 5 days of treatment, therapy should be discontinued and the case reevaluated. Deep pyoderma may require treatment for 21 days; the maximum duration of treatment should not exceed 30 days.

Cats: The recommended dosage is 62.5 mg twice a day. Skin and soft tissue infections such as abscesses and cellulitis/dermatitis should be treated for 5–7 days or for 48 hours after all symptoms have subsided, not to exceed 30 days. If no response is seen after 3 days of treatment, therapy should be discontinued and the case reevaluated. Urinary tract infections may require treatment for 10–14 days or longer. The maximum duration of treatment should not exceed 30 days.

HOW SUPPLIED: Clavamox Tablets in the following strengths are supplied in strip packs. Each carton holds 15 strips with 14 tablets per strip (210 tablets per carton). Each 62.5-mg tablet contains amoxicillin trihydrate equivalent to 50 mg of amoxicillin activity and 12.5 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt. For use in dogs and cats. Each 125-mg tablet contains amoxicillin trihydrate equivalent to 100 mg of amoxicillin activity and 25 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt. For use in dogs only. Each 250-mg tablet contains amoxicillin trihydrate equivalent to 200 mg of amoxicillin activity and 50 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt. For use in dogs only. Each 375-mg tablet contains amoxicillin trihydrate equivalent to 300 mg of amoxicillin activity and 75 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt. For use in dogs only.

Dispense according to recommendations outlined in Dosage and Administration section.

NADA #55-099, Approved by FDA

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Manufactured by:
Norbrook Laboratories Ltd.
Newry, N. Ireland, UK

Distributed by:
Zoetis Inc.
Kalamazoo, MI 49007

zoetis



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